

#### **Annual Risk Acknowledgement Form**



#### Valproate has risks in pregnancy

If a woman uses valproate while she is pregnant, her child can be harmed.

Valproate is not to be used in women of childbearing age unless the conditions the of pregnancy prevention programme are fulfilled.

Name of person using valproate:	
Date of birth:	NHS Number:
Name of responsible person (if ap	plicable):
Relationship of the responsible per	rson to the patient:
Name, role and signature of speci-	alist:
Name of valproate user's GP:	
Traine or varproute door o or .	
Date:	





The specialist must provide this form to girls and women of childbearing age who are being treated with valproate (Epilim, Depakote, Convulex, Episenta, Epival, Kentlim, Orlept, Syonell, Valpal) – or their "responsible person"; a parent/guardian or person capable of giving consent on behalf of patients who are minors or without the capacity to make an informed decision or a person acknowledging that the treatment is in the best interests of the patient.

A copy of the completed and signed form will be kept in the patient record.

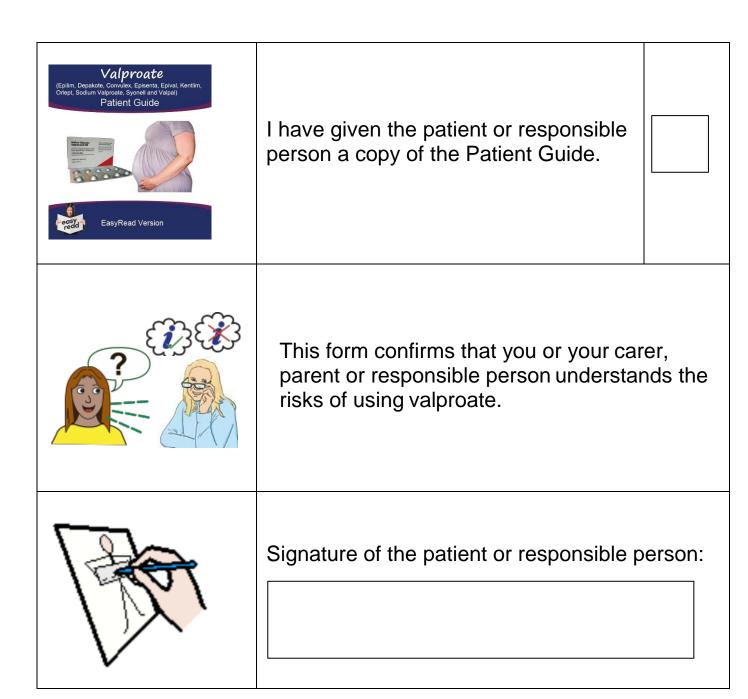
Copies of the completed and signed form should be given to the patient and their GP.

Give your patient (or their responsible person) a copy of the Patient Guide.

# Annual Risk Acknowledgement form for users of Valproate – Valproate has risks in pregnancy

**Step 1 –** to be completed by the specialist when they consider a Pregnancy Prevention Programme is not needed.

The patient has not yet started her periods.	
I have asked the patient and family to tell me if this changes before the next annual review, which is on	
The patient is not at risk of getting pregnant because (insert reason):	
The patient is not likely to be sexually active before the next annual review because (insert reason):	



# Annual Risk Acknowledgement form – Valproate has risks in pregnancy

### Step 2 – Patient is of childbearing age and is at risk of pregnancy

To be completed and signed by the specialist I have explained the risks of using valproate in pregnancy I confirm that the patient needs to take valproate because:



1 commit that the patient	it fleeds to take valphoate because.	
	<ul> <li>her condition does not respond well enough to other medicines,</li> <li>or</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>she does not tolerate other treatments,</li> </ul>	
	is in the process of changing medicines from valproate.	



By ticking the boxes below I confirm that I have discussed the following information with the patient.



the patient.	
Valproate must not be used if the woman is pregnant.  It can only be used in pregnancy if the woman has epilepsy and other medicines do not work for her.	
The overall risk in children exposed to valproate during pregnancy is a 1 in 10 chance of birth defects.  A birth defect is where a baby didn't develop properly in the womb.	
And a 4 in 10 chance of a wide range of development problems	

Choices to stop getting pregnant have been discussed.	
When using valproate condoms and the pill are not enough.	
The patient is using <b>effective contraception</b> .	
The patient must continue to use effective contraception all the time while she is taking valproate.	

	The need for an annual review to discuss the need to keep taking valproate.	
?	The need to see her specialist as soon as she is thinking about getting pregnant to talk about changing to a different medicine before stopping contraception.	
	The need to contact her GP straight away if she thinks she may be pregnant.	
?	The need for a negative pregnancy test result at the start of treatment and if needed during treatment.	

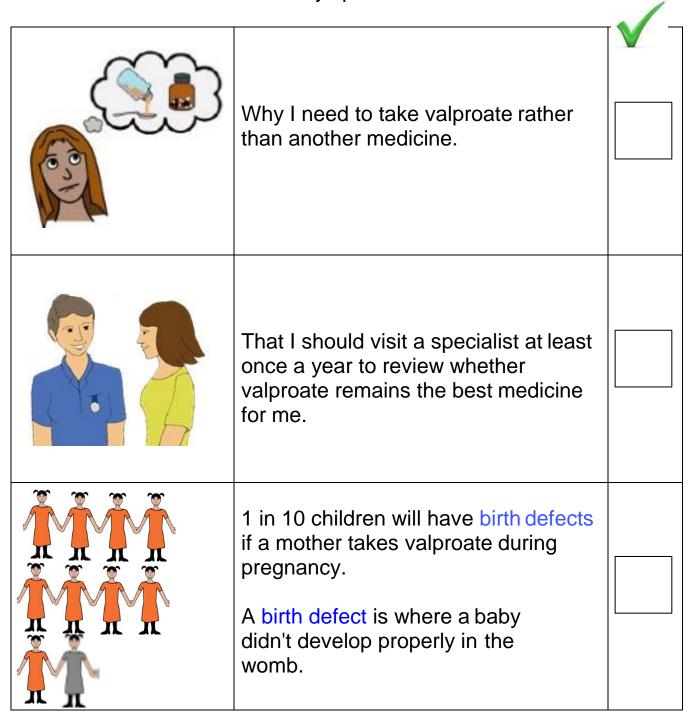
### In case of pregnancy, I confirm:

we have discussed options for switching treatment.	
<ul> <li>She is fully aware of the risks in pregnancy and has the opportunity to talk to someone about them.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>The patient, carer or legal representative has a copy of the patient guide.</li> </ul>	

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**Step 3** – to be completed by the patient or their responsible person

I have discussed this with my specialist and I understand:



	4 in 10 children will have development problems.	
?	That I should have a pregnancy test if my doctor or specialist thinks I should.	
	Why I must use effective contraception all of the time while I am taking valproate.  The doctor explained to me that options for effective contraception include: using a coil, contraceptive implant.	
	Condoms or the pill on their own are not good enough.	

	I understand the choices for effective long-term contraception, or I have made plans to talk about it with someone who can give me advice.	
	I will need to talk to my doctor as soon as I start thinking about getting pregnant.  This is to make sure I have time to change medicine before I get pregnant.	
	That I should see the doctor as soon as possible if I think I am pregnant.	
Valproate (Eolim, Depakole, Convoler, Epiperal, Epival, Kentlim, Orlept, Sodium Valproate, Sychell and Valpal) Patient Guide	That I have a copy of the Patient Guide and know where I can find more information.	

### If you are pregnant

	I confirm that I have talked about other treatments.	
	I am fully aware of the risks while I am taking valproate.  I have talked to somebody about the risks.	
Name of person using valproate:  Signature:  Date:		
Name of responsible person:  Relationship of the responsible person to the patient:		
Signature:	Date:	